Strategic Marketing Unit Three – Consumer Behavior



Course Layout and Overview

Five units

- Unit One: Marketing Planning Process
- Unit Two: Marketing Research
- Unit Three: Consumer Behavior
- Unit Four: Brand Strategy
- Unit Five: Marketing Communications



Unit Three Learning Outcomes

- Explain the importance of consumer behavior for developing marketing strategies
- Assess cultural, social, and personal factors that influence consumer behavior
- Relate the motivation theories of Freud, Maslow, and Herzberg to consumer behavior
- Explain the five steps in the consumer buying decision process
- Differentiate low, limited, and high levels of consumer involvement in the buying process
- Recommend four marketing strategies for influencing consumer behavior

Why are Learning Outcomes Important?

- Every learning outcome ties back to course materials and content.
- Assessments are tied to each learning outcome.
- Test preparation



Unit Three Overview Topics

- Consumer behavior and marketing strategies
- Assess cultural, social, and personal factors
- Motivational theories of Freud, Maslow, and Herzberg
- The consumer buying decision process
- Consumer involvement in the buying process
- Influencing consumer behavior



Consumer Behavior Vocabulary

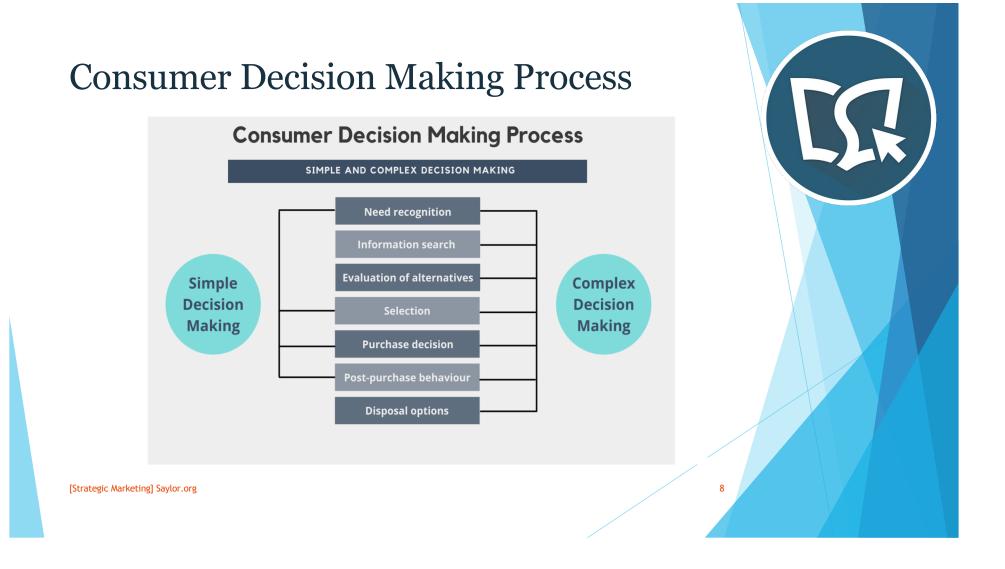
- Casual design
- Data validity
- > Descriptive research
- Exploratory research
- > Interpreting research results
- Marketing research
- > Marketing research problem
- > Marketing research process
- > Primary research
- > Qualitative research
- Quantitative research
- Secondary research



Consumer Behavior and Marketing Strategy

- Developing marketing strategies
- > Determining consumer wants and needs
 - Interviews
 - > Surveys
 - Pilot studies
 - > Observations





Assess Cultural, Social, and Personal Factors

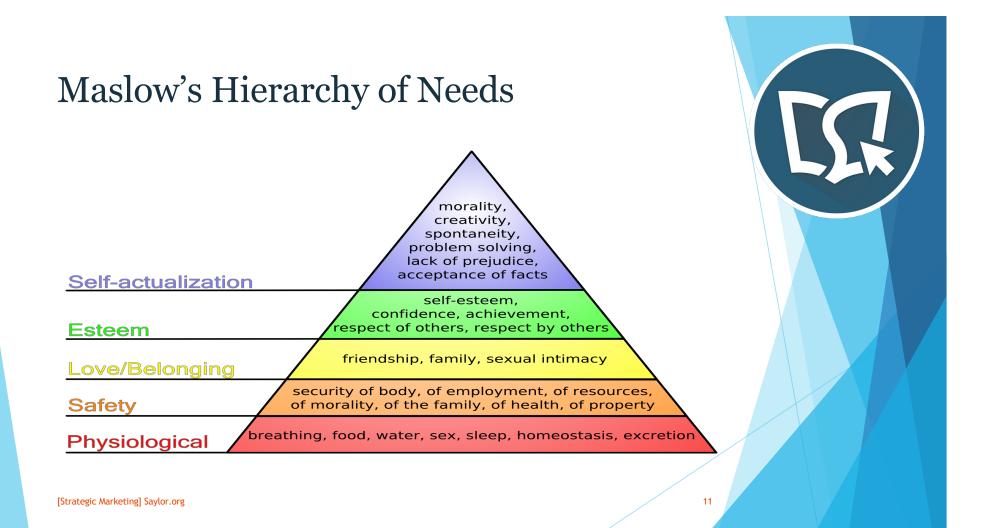
- Consumer behavior
- Social factors
- Cultural factors
- Personal factors



Motivational Theories of Freud, Maslow, and Herzberg

- How motivational theories related to consumer behavior
- Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs
- Herzberg's Two Factor Theory
- Freud's Motivational Theory





The Consumer Buying Process

► Five stages in the consumer buying process

- recognizing a problem
- completing research about the problem
- reviewing potential alternatives
- making a purchasing decision
- evaluating the product after purchase



Consumer Involvement and Influencing Behavior

- Consumer buying process
- Low, limited and high level of involvement
- > The higher the risk the higher the involvement



Conclusion

- Unit Three Learning Outcomes
 - Explain the importance of consumer behavior for developing marketing strategies
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What's Next?

Unit Four: Brand Strategy

